Code: EE8T3B

## IV B.Tech - II Semester – Regular / Supplementary Examinations May - 2022

## REAL TIME CONTROL OF POWER SYSTEMS (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks

 $11 \times 2 = 22 \text{ M}$ 

1.

- a) List the various methods used for state estimation.
- b) What are the methods used to detect bad data?
- c) List the levels of power system security.
- d) Define line outage distribution factor.
- e) What is the need for computer control in power system?
- f) Define SCADA system.
- g) What is voltage stability?
- h) Sketch Q-V curve.
- i) What is an artificial intelligence neural network?
- j) List some applications of PMU in power systems.
- k) What is the objective of power system state estimator?

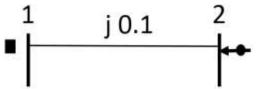
## PART - B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks.  $3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ M}$ 

- 2. a) What is the importance of state estimation? Explain the method of weighted least square.8 M
  - b) A 2-bus power system is shown in Figure. Assume that the following measurement set is available for estimation:

$$[z]^T = [P_2 \ Q_2 \ V_1] = [-0.30, -0.15, 1.0]$$

Assume that measurements are equally accurate.



- : Power measurement
- : Voltage magnitude measurement
- a) Find the weighted least square estimator for  $V_2$  and  $\theta_2$
- b) What is the value of the objective function J(x) at the optimal solution? 8 M
- 3. a) Explain the steps involved in contingency analysis with an example. 8 M
  - b) Illustrate the uses of network sensitivity factor. 8 M
- 4. a) Describe the numerous operating states of a power system with a neat sketch. 8 M

- b) Illustrate the software requirements for implementing SCADA. 8 M
- 5. a) Explain the main factors that contribute the phenomena of voltage collapse. 8 M
  - b) Develop voltage stability analysis by using P-V curves.

8 M

6. Discuss the algorithm for load flows and short term load forecasting using artificial neural network technique in power systems.

16 M